

Southfield Retiree Health Care Benefits Plan & Trust

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Discussion Outline

- Market Commentary
- Performance Report 2nd Quarter П.
- III. PA 314 Review
- Market Value Update as of July 31st, 2024

Wealth Management Perspectives



Quarter in Review—2Q 2024

As of June 30, 2024

For the quarter, the Dow Jones Industrial Average declined 1.3% while the Russell Midcap fell 3.3%, the S&P 500 rose 4.3%, and the Russell 2000 small-cap index fell 3.3%.

During the second quarter of 2024, jobs data pointed to a still-strong labor market, resisting the effects of hawkish monetary policy, albeit with slight declines in nonfarm payroll numbers and a 4.1% unemployment rate. Continued labor market strength and still-higher than target inflation led to a continued pause in rate policy at the June FOMC meeting, leaving open the possibility of a longer-than-anticipated rate hold and fewer 2024 rate cuts than the initially estimated at the beginning of 2024. Investors have been experiencing the "higher for longer" rate environment, as the FOMC tries to guide the economy to a "soft landing" or "no landing" situation.

Inflation has been gradually deaccelerating throughout 2Q24 to 3.3% in May, down from March's 3.5% level, and very much below June 2022's peak of 9.1%. While headline CPI continued to decline, Core PCE fell slightly to 2.6%, getting closer to the Fed's 2% target. The FOMC kept rates steady for the entirety of the quarter, leaving open the possibility of a longer-than-expected pause to maintain the existing Quantitative Tightening (QT) program. Together with tighter lending standards, these monetary effects continue to lower inflation overall.

Equities in regions outside the US were mixed, as MSCI Emerging Markets rose 5.0% and MSCI Europe gained 1.0% but MSCI Japan fell 4.3% in USD.

For the S&P 500, five sectors posted positive returns for the 2Q. Information Technology 13.8%, Communication Services 9.4%, Utilities 4.7%, Consumer Staples 1.4%, and Consumer Discretionary 0.6% saw positive quarterly returns. Health Care -1.0%, Real Estate -1.9%, Financials -2.0%, Energy -2.4%, Industrials -2.9%, and Materials -4.5% saw negative quarterly returns.

The Fed continued its rate policy pause through the end of the second quarter. Since March 2022, the Fed announced eleven rate hikes, for a total of 5.25 percentage points. The yield on the 10-year US Treasury note closed the second quarter at 4.40%, up from 4.20% at the end of the first quarter. The yield on 3-month Treasury bills was 5.36%, even with the end of the first quarter. The Bloomberg US Aggregate Bond Index, a broad measure of the US bond market, increased 0.1% in 2Q24 after posting a -0.8% return in 1Q24.

Source: Morgan Stanley Wealth Management Global Investment Office, Morgan Stanley & Co. Research, Bloomberg, FactSet

Capital Markets Overview: 2Q 2024 – US Equities

US Equity Markets

As of June 30, 2024

- Since March 29, 2024 and through the end of the second quarter, the NASDAQ Composite Index increased 8.5%, while the Russell 2000 Index fell 3.3%, and the Dow Jones Industrial Average decreased 1.3%.
- Meanwhile, the S&P 500 Index gained 4.3% over the same period as five S&P 500 sectors posted gains during the quarter and six sector
 experienced price declines over the quarter.
- The S&P 500 sectors that outperformed included: Information Technology 13.8%, Communication Services 9.4%, Utilities 4.7%, Consumer Staples 1.4%, and Consumer Discretionary 0.6%.
- The S&P 500 sectors that underperformed included: Health Care -1.0%, Real Estate -1.9%, Financials -2.0%, Energy -2.4%, Industrials -2.9%, and Materials -4.5%.
- The Russell Midcap fell 3.3% in the quarter, as Mid-cap Growth decreased 3.2%, and Mid-cap Value declined 3.4%.
- The Russell 2000 Small-cap Index fell by 3.3% for the quarter, as small-cap value declined 3.6% and small-cap growth decreased 2.9%.

Key US Stock Market Index Total Returns for the Period Ending 6/30/2024										
INDEX IN USD	Quarter	YTD	12 Months	5-Years (Annualized)	7-Years (Annualized)	10-Years (Annualized)				
Dow Jones Industrial Average	-1.3%	4.8%	16.0%	10.3%	11.4%	11.3%				
NASDAQ Composite Index	8.5%	18.6%	29.7%	18.2%	17.5%	16.1%				
S&P 500 INDEX	4.3%	15.3%	24.5%	15.0%	14.3%	12.8%				
Russell 2000 Index	-3.3%	1.7%	10.0%	6.9%	6.8%	7.0%				
Russell 2000 Growth Index	-2.9%	4.4%	9.1%	6.1%	7.3%	7.4%				
Russell 2000 Value Index	-3.6%	-0.9%	10.9%	7.0%	5.9%	6.2%				
Russell Midcap Index	-3.3%	5.0%	12.9%	9.4%	9.6%	9.0%				
Russell Midcap Growth Index	-3.2%	6.0%	15.0%	9.9%	11.7%	10.5%				
Russell Midcap Value Index	-3.4%	4.5%	11.9%	8.5%	7.6%	7.6%				
Russell 1000 Index	3.6%	14.2%	23.9%	14.6%	13.9%	12.5%				

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO

Capital Markets Overview: 2Q 2024 – US Bonds

The US Bond Market

As of June 30, 2024

- The Bloomberg US Agg Total Return, a general measure of the bond market, increased 0.1% in the guarter.
- The yield on the 10-year US Treasury note closed the second quarter at 4.40% (up from the 4.20% at the end of the first quarter), while the yield on 3-month Treasury bills was 5.36%, about the same as the close of the first quarter.
- The Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield Index, a measure of lower-rated corporate bonds, increased 1.1%. The Bloomberg U.S. Long Government ended the guarter down 1.7%.
- The Bloomberg Mortgage-Backed Securities Index rose 0.1%, while the Bloomberg Municipal Bond fell 0.02%.

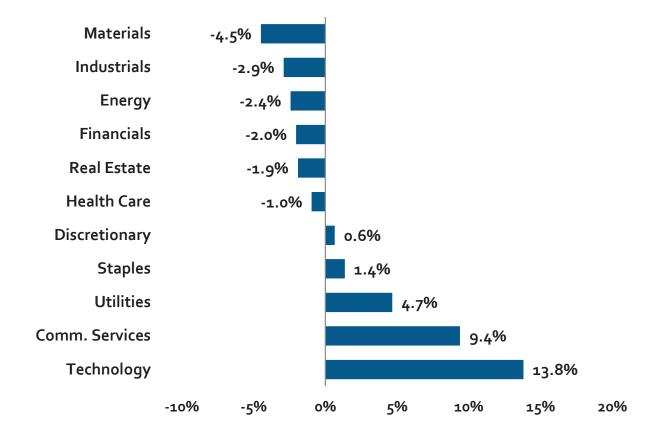
Key US Bond Market Index Returns (%) for the Period Ending 6/30/2024										
INDEX IN USD	Quarter	Quarter 12 Months 5-Years (Annualized)		7-Years (Annualized)	10-Years (Annualized)					
Bloomberg US Agg Total Return	0.1%	2.6%	-0.2%	0.9%	1.3%					
Bloomberg US Corporate High Yield	1.1%	10.4%	3.9%	4.2%	4.3%					
Bloomberg US Agg Gov/Credit Total Return	0.0%	2.7%	-0.1%	1.0%	1.5%					
Bloomberg US Treasury Total Return	0.1%	1.5%	-0.7%	0.4%	0.9%					
Bloomberg U.S. Government/Corp	0.2%	2.4%	-1.1%	-0.7%	-0.2%					
Bloomberg U.S. Long Government	-1.7%	-1.6%	-2.2%	0.1%	1.6%					
Bloomberg MBS 1000 Total Return	0.1%	2.1%	-0.8%	0.3%	0.9%					
Bloomberg Municipal Bond Index	0.0%	3.2%	1.2%	2.0%	2.4%					

Source: FactSet, Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley & Co. Research, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO

S&P 500 Sector Total Returns 2024

As of June 30, 2024

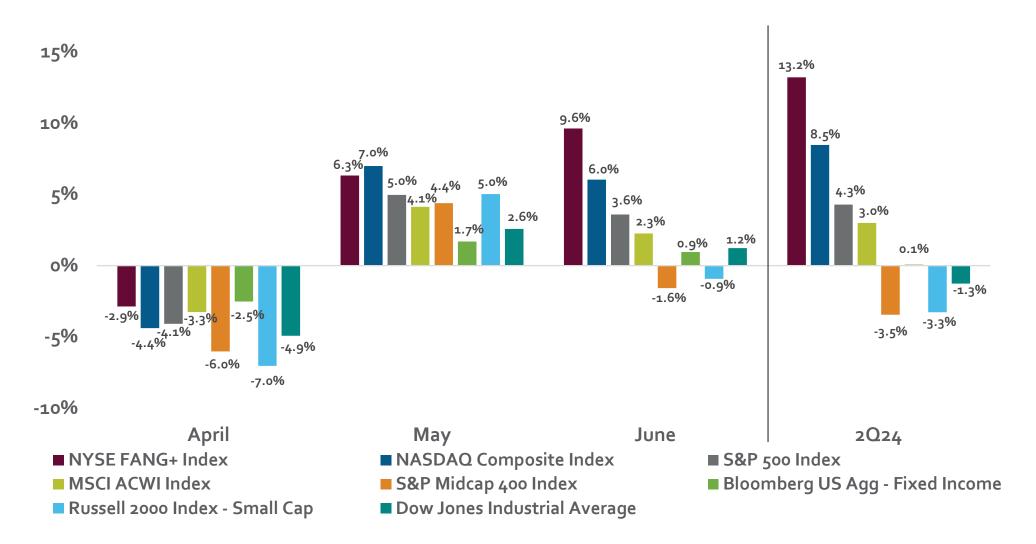
S&P 500 Sector Total Returns



Source: Bloomberg and Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO.

Total Returns for Select Indices 2Q24

NYSE FANG+, Nasdaq Composite, Russell 2000 Small Cap, S&P 500, MSCI ACWI, S&P Midcap 400, S&P 500, Dow Jones Industrial Average As of June 30, 2024



Source: Bloomberg and Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO.

Asset Class Returns 2014 to 2024 YTD

YTD return through July 31, 2024; In YTD data, Managed Futures as of June 30, 2024

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024 YTD	(6/14-6/24) Ann. CAGR	10 yrs Ann. Volatility
REITs 14.5%	US Equities 1.4%	MLPs 18.3%	EM Equities 37.8%	Cash 1.9%	US Equities 31.5%	EM Equities 18.8%	MLPs 39.9%	MLPs 30.5%	MLPs 26.3%	MLPs 18.3%	US Equities 12.4%	MLPs 22.4%
US Equities 13.7%	EMD 1.2%	High Yield 14.3%	DM Int'l Equities 25.7%	US Debt o.o%	Global Equities 27.3%	US Equities 18.4%	US Equities 28.7%	Managed Futures 14.9%	US Equities 26.3%	US Equities 16.7%	Global Equities 8.4%	EM Equities 18.3%
Managed Futures 12.3%	US Debt 0.5%	US Equities 11.9%	Global Equities 24.7%	DM Int'l Debt -0.2%	REITs 23.3%	Global Equities 16.9%	Commod. 27.1%	Commod. 13.8%	Global Equities 22.8%	Global Equities 13.4%	DM Int'l Equities 4.4%	Commod. 16.0%
EMD 7.4%	Cash o.o%	EM Equities 11.8%	US Equities 21.8%	Inflation-Linked -1.3%	DM Int'l Equities 22.8%	Inflation-Linked 11.0%	REITs 23.2%	Cash 1.5%	DM Int'l Equities 18.9%	DM Int'l Equities 8.9%	Diversified Portfolio 4.2%	US Equities 15.9%
US Debt 6.o%	DM Int'l Equities -0.3%	Commod. 11.4%	REITs 15.1%	High Yield -4.1%	EM Equities 18.8%	Diversified Portfolio 10.0%	Global Equities 19.0%	Global Hedge -4.4%	High Yield 14.0%	EM Equities 8.0%	Managed Futures 4.0%	Global Equities 15.3%
MLPs 4.8%	REITs -0.4%	EMD 10.2%	Diversified Portfolio 12.3%	EMD -4.3%	Diversified Portfolio 16.2%	DM Int'l Debt 9.4%	DM Int'l Equities 11.9%	Inflation-Linked -11.8%	Diversified Portfolio 11.8%	Managed Futures 7.1%	High Yield 3.4%	REITs 15.0%
Global Equities 4.8%	Managed Futures -0.9%	Global Equities 8.5%	High Yield 10.4%	US Equities -4.4%	EMD 15.0%	DM Int'l Equities 8.4%	Managed Futures 10.0%	High Yield -12.7%	EMD 11.1%	Diversified Portfolio 6.5%	REITs 3.2%	DM Int'l Equities 14.2%
Diversified Portfolio 4.2%	Inflation-Linked -1.4%	Diversified Portfolio 5.2%	EMD 10.3%	Managed Futures -4.6%	High Yield 12.6%	US Debt 7-5%	Diversified Portfolio 8.8%	Diversified Portfolio -13.0%	EM Equities 10.2%	High Yield 5.2%	EMD 2.8%	EMD 9.7%
Inflation-Linked 3.6%	Diversified Portfolio -1.6%	Inflation-Linked 4.7%	DM Int'l Debt 6.7%	Diversified Portfolio -4.6%	US Debt 8.7%	High Yield 7.0%	Inflation-Linked 6.0%	US Debt -13.0%	REITs 9.5%	EMD 4-3%	EM Equities 2.5%	High Yield 9.1%
Cash o.o%	Global Equities	REITs 4.6%	Global Hedge 6.o%	REITs -5.3%	Global Hedge 8.6%	Global Hedge 6.8%	Global Hedge 3.7%	DM Int'l Equities -13.9%	US Debt 5.5%	Global Hedge 3-7 [%]	Inflation-Linked 2.2%	Diversified Portfolio 8.3%
High Yield o.o%	High Yield -2.7%	US Debt 2.6%	US Debt 3.5%	Global Hedge -6.7%	Inflation-Linked 8.4%	EMD 5-3%	High Yield 1.0%	EMD -17.8%	Cash 5.3%	Cash 3.2%	US Debt 1.7%	DM Int'l Debt 8.o%
Global Hedge -o.6%	DM Int'l Debt -2.9%	Global Hedge 2.5%	Inflation-Linked 3.0%	Global Equities -8.9%	Managed Futures 6.7%	Managed Futures 5.0%	Cash o.o%	Global Equities	Inflation-Linked 3.9%	Inflation-Linked 2.5%	MLPs 1.6%	Managed Futures 7.1%
DM Int'l Debt -0.7%	Global Hedge -3.6%	DM Int'l Debt 1.8%	Cash o.8%	MLPs -12.4%	MLPs 6.6%	Cash o.6%	US Debt -1.5%	US Equities -18.1%	DM Int'l Debt 3.5%	REITs 1.9%	Cash 1.6%	Inflation-Linked 6.3%
EM Equities	EM Equities -14.6%	DM Int'l Equities 1.6%	Commod. 0.7%	Commod. -13.0%	Commod. 5.4%	Commod. -3.5%	EMD -1.8%	DM Int'l Debt -18.5%	Global Hedge 3.1%	US Debt 1.6%	Global Hedge 1.5%	US Debt 6.2%
DM Int'l Equities -4-3%	Commod. -24.7%	Cash o.3%	Managed Futures -o.8%	DM Int'l Equities -13.3%	DM Int'l Debt 5-3%	REITs -9.3%	EM Equities -2.3%	EM Equities -19.8%	Managed Futures -1.9%	Commod. -2.2%	DM Int'l Debt -1.0%	Global Hedge 5.2%
Commod. -17.0%	MLPs -32.6%	Managed Futures -4.4%	MLPs -6.5%	EM Equities -14.3%	Cash 2.3%	MLPs -28.8%	DM Int'l Debt -7-3%	REITs -23.4%	Commod. -12.6%	DM Int'l Debt -2.3%	Commod. -3.5%	Cash 1.6%

Source: Bloomberg, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO; Indices used= Cash: FTSE 3Month Treasury Bill, Global Equities: MSCI AC World, REITs: FTSE EPRA Nareit Global, Commodity: Bloomberg Commodity Index, Managed Futures: Barclays Hedge BTOP50, MLPs: Alerian MLP, Global Hedge: HFR Global, Inflation-Linked: Bloomberg US Treasury Inflation Protected Notes, US Debt: Bloomberg US Aggregate, High Yield: Bloomberg Global High Yield, EMD: JP Morgan GBI-EM Global Diversified Composite, DM Int'l Debt-Bloomberg Global Majors, EM Equities: MSCI Emerging Markets, DM Int'l Equities: MSCI EAFE, US Equities: S&P 500. Diversified portfolio is comprised of 40% MSCI ACWI, 40% Bloomberg US Aggregate, 5% 3 mo. T-Bills, 9% HFRXGL Global Hedge, 3% Bloomberg Commodity Index, and 3% FTSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Index.

MSCI US Equity Size and Style Performance 2Q24

As of June 28, 2024

2Q24 Performance

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	-1.0%	5.2%	10.6%
Mid	-3.7%	-3.9%	-3.9%
Small	-4.2%	-3.4%	-2.7%

2024 YTD Performance

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	8.2%	16.4%	23.8%
Mid	4.3%	4.7%	5.7%
Small	-0.3%	2.0%	4.4%

Performance Since Previous Peak (Jan. 2022)

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	11.9%	19.7%	23.2%
Mid	-0.4%	-0.9%	-2.8%
Small	1.8%	-0.7%	-4.4%

Performance Since Market Low (Oct. 2022)

	Value	Blend	Growth
Large	33.3%	60.7%	87.5%
Mid	26.0%	31.5%	40.7%
Small	22.8%	28.4%	33.9%

Current Fwd. P/E Vs. 10-year Avg. P/E

	Value	Blend	Growth
Laura	15.9	21.9	31.3
Large	Avg.: 14.9	Avg.: 18.4	Avg.: 24.1
Mid	14.9	17.9	30.1
iviiu	Avg.: 15.2	Avg.: 18.5	Avg.: 25.4
Small	14.1	18.5	26.4
Jillali	Avg.: 16.9	Avg.: 21.2	Avg.: 28.9
	Exper	nsive: Above +1 Std.	Dev.
		Neutral	
	Che	ap: Below -1 Std. Do	ev.

Source: FactSet, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management GIO. Indices used for this analysis include: MSCI US Large Value, MSCI US Large, MSCI US Large Growth, MSCI US Mid Value, MSCI Mid, MSCI Mid Growth, MSCI Small Value, MSCI Small, and MSCI Small Growth. Standard deviation (volatility) is a measure of the dispersion of a set of data from its mean.

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For more information on the ranking models, please see Adverse Active AlphaSM 2.0: Scoring Active Managers According to Potential Alpha and Value Score: Scoring Fee Efficiency by Comparing Managers' "Fair Value" and Actual Expense Ratios. The whitepapers are available from your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor. ADVERSE ACTIVE ALPHA is a registered service mark of Morgan Stanley and/or its affiliates. U.S. Pat. No. 8,756,098 applies to the Adverse Active Alpha system and/or methodology.

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Morgan Stanley charges each fund family we offer a mutual fund support fee, also called a "revenue-sharing payment," on client account holdings in fund families according to a tiered rate that increases along with the management fee of the fund so that lower management fee funds pay lower rates than those with higher management fees.

Consider Your Own Investment Needs: The model portfolios and strategies discussed in the material are formulated based on general client characteristics including risk tolerance. This material is not intended to be an analysis of whether particular investments or strategies are appropriate for you or a recommendation, or an offer to participate in any investment. Therefore, clients should not use this material as the sole basis for investment decisions. They should consider all relevant information, including their existing portfolio, investment objectives, risk tolerance, liquidity needs and investment time horizon. Such a determination may lead to asset allocation results that are materially different from the asset allocation shown in this profile. Talk to your Financial Advisor about what would be an appropriate asset allocation for you, whether Morgan Stanley Pathway Funds is an appropriate program for you.

No obligation to notify – Morgan Stanley Wealth Management has no obligation to notify you when the model portfolios, strategies, or any other information, in this material changes.

For index, indicator and survey definitions referenced in this report please visit the following: https://www.morganstanley.com/wealth-investmentsolutions/wmir-definitions

The Morgan Stanley Pathway Funds, Firm Discretionary UMA Model Portfolios, and other asset allocation or any other model portfolios discussed in this material are available only to investors participating in Morgan Stanley Consulting Group advisory programs. For additional information on the Morgan Stanley Consulting Group advisory programs, see the applicable ADV brochure, available at www.morganstanley.com/ADV or from your Morgan Stanley Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor. To learn more about the Morgan Stanley Pathway Funds, visit the Funds' website at https://www.morganstanley.com/wealth-investmentsolutions/cgcm. Consulting Group is a business of Morgan Stanley.

Morgan Stanley Pathway Program Asset Allocation Models There are model portfolios corresponding to five risk-tolerance levels available in the Pathway program. Model 1 is the least aggressive portfolio and consists mostly of bonds. As the model numbers increase, the models have higher allocations to equities and become more aggressive. Pathway is a mutual fund asset allocation program. In constructing the Pathway Program Model Portfolios, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management uses, among other things, model asset allocations produced by Morgan Wealth Management's Global Investment Committee (the "GIC"). The Pathway Program Model Portfolios are specific to the Pathway program (based on program features and parameters, and any other requirements of Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's Consulting Group). The Pathway Program Model Portfolios may therefore differ in some respects from model portfolios available in other Morgan Stanley Wealth Management programs or from asset allocation models published by the Global Investment Committee.

The type of mutual funds and ETFs discussed in this presentation utilizes nontraditional or complex investment strategies and/or derivatives. Examples of these types of funds include those that utilize one or more of the below noted investment strategies or categories or which seek exposure to the following markets: (1) commodities (e.g., agricultural, energy and metals), currency, precious metals; (2) managed futures; (3) leveraged, inverse or inverse leveraged; (4) bear market, hedging, long-short equity, market neutral; (5) real estate; (6) volatility (seeking exposure to the CBOE VIX Index). Investors should keep in mind that while mutual funds and ETFs may, at times, utilize nontraditional investment options and strategies, they should not be equated with unregistered privately offered alternative investments. Because of regulatory limitations, mutual funds and ETFs that seek alternative-like investment exposure must utilize a more limited investment universe. As a result, investment returns and portfolio characteristics of alternative mutual funds and ETFs may vary from traditional hedge funds pursuing similar investment objectives. Moreover, traditional hedge funds have limited liquidity with long "lock-up" periods allowing them to pursue investment strategies without having to factor in the need to meet client redemptions and ETFs trade on an exchange. On the other hand, mutual funds typically must meet daily client redemptions. This differing liquidity profile can have a material impact on the investment returns generated by a mutual fund or ETF pursuing an alternative investing strategy compared with a traditional hedge fund pursuing the same strategy.

Nontraditional investment options and strategies are often employed by a portfolio manager to further a fund's investment objective and to help offset market risks. However, these features may be complex, making it more difficult to understand the fund's essential characteristics and risks, and how it will perform in different market environments and over various periods of time. They may also expose the fund to increased volatility and unanticipated risks particularly when used in complex combinations and/or accompanied by the use of borrowing or "leverage."

Please consider the investment objectives, risks, fees, and charges and expenses of mutual funds, ETFs, closed end funds, unit investment trusts, and variable insurance products carefully before investing. The prospectus contains this and other information about each fund. To obtain a prospectus, contact your Financial Advisor or Private Wealth Advisor or visit the Morgan Stanley website at www.morganstanley.com. Please read it carefully before investing.

Money Market Funds: You could lose money in money market funds. Although money market funds classified as government funds (i.e., money market funds that invest 99.5% of total assets in cash and/or securities backed by the U.S government) and retail funds (i.e., money market funds open to natural person investors only) seek to preserve value at \$1.00 per share, they cannot guarantee they will do so. The price of other money market funds will fluctuate and when you sell shares they may be worth more or less than originally paid. Money market funds may impose a fee upon sale or temporarily suspend sales if liquidity falls below required minimums. During suspensions, shares would not be available for purchases, withdrawals, check writing or ATM debits. A money market fund investment is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other government agency. The Fund's sponsor has no legal obligation to provide financial support to the Fund, and you should not expect that the sponsor will provide financial support to the Fund at any time.

Investors should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses of a money market fund before investing. The prospectus contains this and other information about the money market fund. To obtain a prospectus, contact your Financial Advisor or visit the money market fund company's website. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

Exchange Funds are private placement vehicles that enable holders of concentrated single-stock positions to exchange those stocks for a diversified portfolio. Investors may benefit from greater diversification by exchanging a concentrated stock position for fund shares without triggering a taxable event. These funds are available only to qualified investors and may only be offered by Financial Advisors who are qualified to sell alternative investments. Before investing, investors should consider the following:

- Dividends are pooled
- Investors may forfeit their stock voting rights
- Investment may be illiquid for several years
- Investments may be leveraged or contain derivatives
- Significant early redemption fees may apply
- Changes to the U.S. tax code, which could be retroactive (potentially disallowing the favorable tax treatment of exchange funds)
- Investment risk and potential loss of principal

KEY ASSET CLASS CONSIDERATIONS AND OTHER RISKS

Investing in the markets entails the risk of market volatility. The value of all types of investments, including stocks, mutual funds, exchange-traded funds ("ETFs"), closed-end funds, and unit investment trusts, may increase or decrease over varying time periods. To the extent the investments depicted herein represent international securities, you should be aware that there may be additional risks associated with international investing, including foreign economic, political, monetary and/or legal factors, changing currency exchange rates, foreign taxes, and differences in financial and accounting standards. These risks may be magnified in emerging markets and frontier markets. Some funds also invest in foreign securities, which may involve currency risk. There is no assurance that the fund will achieve its investment objective. Small- and mid-capitalization companies may lack the financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of larger companies. In addition, the securities of small- and mid-capitalization companies may not trade as readily as, and be subject to higher volatility than, those of larger, more established companies. The value of fixed income securities will fluctuate and, upon a sale, may be worth more or less than their original cost or maturity value. Bonds are subject to interest rate risk, call risk, reinvestment risk, iquidity risk, and credit risk of the issuer. High yield bonds are subject to additional risks such as increased risk of default and greater volatility because of the lower credit quality of the issues. In the case of municipal bonds, income is generally exempt from federal income taxes. Some income may be subject to state and local taxes and to the federal alternative minimum tax. Capital gains, if any, are subject to tax. Treasury Inflation Protection Securities' (TIPS) coupon payments and underlying principal are automatically increased to compensate for inflation by tracking the consumer price index (CPI). While the real rate of return is guaranteed

may experience performance that is lower or higher than a portfolio not employing such practices. Portfolios with ESG restrictions and strategies as well as ESG investments may not be able to take advantage of the same opportunities or market trends as portfolios where ESG criteria is not applied. There are inconsistent ESG definitions and criteria within the industry, as well as multiple ESG ratings providers that provide ESG ratings of the same subject companies and/or securities that vary among the providers. Certain issuers of investments may have differing and inconsistent views concerning ESG criteria where the ESG claims made in offering documents or other literature may overstate ESG impact. ESG designations are as of the date of this material, and no assurance is provided that the underlying assets have maintained or will maintain and such designation or any stated ESG compliance. As a result, it is difficult to compare ESG investment products or to evaluate an ESG investment product in comparison to one that does not focus on ESG. Investors should also independently consider whether the ESG investment product meets their own ESG objectives or criteria. There is no assurance that an ESG investing strategy or techniques employed will be successful. Past performance is not a quarantee or a dependable measure of future results. The companies identified and investment examples are for illustrative purposes only and should not be deemed a recommendation to purchase, hold or sell any securities or investment products. They are intended to demonstrate the approaches taken by managers who focus on ESG criteria in their investment strategy. There can be no quarantee that a client's account will be managed as described herein. Options and margin trading involve substantial risk and are not appropriate for all investors. Besides the general investment risk of holding securities that may decline in value and the possible loss of principal invested, closed-end funds may have additional risks related to declining market prices relative to net asset values (NAVs), active manager underperformance and potential leverage. Closed-end funds, unlike open-end funds, are not continuously offered. There is a one-time public offering and once issued, shares of closed-end funds are sold in the open market through a stock exchange. Shares of closed-end funds frequently trade at a discount from their NAV which may increase investors' risk of loss. The risk of loss due to this discount may be greater for investors expecting to sell their shares in a relatively short period after completion of the public offering. This characteristic is a risk separate and distinct from the risk that a closed-end fund's net asset value may decrease as a result of investment activities. NAV is total assets less total liabilities divided by the number of shares outstanding. At the time an investor purchases or sells shares of a closed-end fund, shares may have a market price that is above or below NAV. Portfolios that invest a large percentage of assets in only one industry sector (or in only a few sectors) are more vulnerable to price fluctuation than those that diversify among a broad range of sectors.

Structured Investments are complex and not appropriate for all investors. An investment in Structures Investments involve risks. These risks can include but are not limited to: (1) Fluctuations in the price, level or yield of underlying instruments, interest rates, currency values and credit quality, (2) Substantial or total loss of principal, (3) Limits on participation in appreciation of underlying instrument, (4) Limited liquidity, (5) Issuer credit risk and (6) Conflicts of Interest. There is no assurance that a strategy of using structured product for wealth preservation, yield enhancement, and/or interest rate risk hedging will meet its objectives.

Alternative Investments often are speculative and include a high degree of risk. Investors could lose all or a substantial amount of their investment. Alternative investments are appropriate only for eligible, long-term investors who are willing to forgo liquidity and put capital at risk for an indefinite period of time. They may be highly illiquid and can engage in leverage and other speculative practices that may increase the volatility and risk of loss. Alternative Investments typically have higher fees than traditional investments. Investors should carefully review and consider potential risks before investing. Certain of these risks may include but are not limited to: Loss of all or a substantial portion of the investment due to leveraging, short-selling, or other speculative practices; Lack of liquidity in that there may be no secondary market for a fund; Volatility of returns; Restrictions on transferring interests in a fund; Potential lack of diversification and resulting higher risk due to concentration of trading authority when a single advisor is utilized; Absence of information regarding valuations and pricing; Complex tax structures and delays in tax reporting; Less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds; Risks associated with the operations, personnel, and processes of the manager; and Risks associated with cybersecurity. As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund. Alternative investments involve complex tax structures, tax inefficient investing, and delays in distributing important tax information. Clients should consult their own tax and legal advisors as Morgan Stanley Wealth Management does not provide tax or legal advice. All expressions of opinion are subject to change without notice and are not intended to be a forecast of future events or results. Further, opinions expressed herein may differ from the opinions expressed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and/or other businesses/affiliates of Morgan Stanley Wealth Management. This is not a "research report" as defined by FINRA Rule 2241 or a "debt research report" as defined by FINRA Rule 2242 and was not prepared by the Research Departments of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC or Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC or its affiliates. Certain information contained herein may constitute forward-looking statements. Due to various risks and uncertainties, actual events, results or the performance of a fund may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking statements. Clients should carefully consider the investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses of a fund before investing. While the HFRI indices are frequently used, they have limitations (some of which are typical of other widely used indices). These limitations include survivorship bias (the returns of the indices may not be representative of all the hedge funds in the universe because of the tendency of lower performing funds to leave the index); heterogeneity (not all hedge funds are alike or comparable to one another, and the index may not accurately reflect the performance of a described style); and limited data (many hedge funds do not report to indices, and the index may omit funds, the inclusion of which might significantly affect the performance shown. The HFRI indices are based on information self-reported by hedge fund managers that decide on their own, at any time, whether or not they want to provide, or continue to provide, information to HFR Asset Management, L.L.C. Results for funds that go out of business are included in the index until the date that they

cease operations . Therefore, these indices may not be complete or accurate representations of the hedge fund universe and may be biased in several ways. Composite index results are shown for illustrative purposes and do not represent the performance of a specific investment. Individual funds have specific tax risks related to their investment programs that will vary from fund to fund. Clients should consult their own tax and legal advisors as Morgan Stanley Wealth Management does not provide tax or legal advice. Interests in alternative investment products are offered pursuant to the terms of the applicable offering memorandum, are distributed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and certain of its affiliates, and (a) are not FDIC-insured, (2) are not deposits or other obligations of Morgan Stanley Wealth Management or any of its affiliates, (3) are not guaranteed by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management and its affiliates, and (4) involve investment risks, including possible loss of principal. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management is a registered broker-dealer, not a bank. This material is not to be reproduced or distributed to any other persons (other than professional advisors of the investors or prospective investors, as applicable, receiving this material) and is intended solely for the use of the persons to whom it has been delivered. This material is not for distribution to the general public. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual results may vary. SIPC insurance does not apply to precious metals, other commodities, or traditional alternative investments. In Consulting Group's advisory programs, alternative investments are limited to US-registered mutual funds, separate account strategies and exchange-traded funds (ETFs) that seek to pursue alternative investment strategies or returns utilizing publicly traded securities. Investment products in this category may employ various investment strategies and techniques for both hedging and more speculative purposes such as short-selling, leverage, d

Interests in alternative investment products are offered pursuant to the terms of the applicable offering memorandum, are distributed by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC and certain of its affiliates, and (1) are not FDIC-insured, (2) are not deposits or other obligations of Morgan Stanley or any of its affiliates, (3) are not guaranteed by Morgan Stanley and its affiliates, and (4) involve investment risks, including possible loss of principal. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC is a registered broker-dealer, not a bank.

A majority of Alternative Investment managers reviewed and selected by GIMA pay or cause to be paid an ongoing fee for distribution from their management fees to Morgan Stanley Wealth Management in connection with Morgan Stanley Wealth Management clients that purchase an interest in an Alternative Investment and in some instances pay these fees on the investments held by advisory clients. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management rebates such fees that are received and attributable to an Investment held by an advisory client and retains the fees paid in connection with investments held by brokerage clients. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management has a conflict of interest in offering alternative investments because Morgan Stanley Wealth Management or our affiliates, in most instances, earn more money in your account from your investments in alternative investments than from other investment options.

It should be noted that the majority of hedge fund indexes are comprised of hedge fund manager returns. This is in contrast to traditional indexes, which are comprised of individual securities in the various market segments they represent and offer complete transparency as to membership and construction methodology. As such, some believe that hedge fund index returns have certain biases that are not present in traditional indexes. Some of these biases inflate index performance, while others may skew performance negatively. However, many studies indicate that overall hedge fund index performance has been biased to the upside. Some studies suggest performance has been inflated by up to 260 basis points or more annually depending on the types of biases included and the time period studied. Although there are numerous potential biases that could affect hedge fund returns, we identify some of the more common ones throughout this paper.

Self-selection bias results when certain manager returns are not included in the index returns and may result in performance being skewed up or down. Because hedge funds are private placements, hedge fund managers are able to decide which fund returns they want to report and are able to opt out of reporting to the various databases. Certain hedge fund managers may choose only to report returns for funds with strong returns and opt out of reporting returns for weak performers. Other hedge funds that close may decide to stop reporting in order to retain secrecy, which may cause a downward bias in returns.

Survivorship bias results when certain constituents are removed from an index. This often results from the closure of funds due to poor performance, "blow ups," or other such events. As such, this bias typically results in performance being skewed higher. As noted, hedge fund index performance biases can result in positive or negative skew. However, it would appear that the skew is more often positive. While it is difficult to quantify the effects precisely, investors should be aware that idiosyncratic factors may be giving hedge fund index returns an artificial "lift" or upwards bias.

Hedge Funds of Funds and many funds of funds are private investment vehicles restricted to certain qualified private and institutional investors. They are often speculative and include a high degree of risk. Investors can lose all or a substantial amount of their investment. They may be highly illiquid, can engage in leverage and other speculative practices that may increase volatility and the risk of loss, and may be subject to large investment minimums and initial lockups. They involve complex tax structures, tax-inefficient investing and delays in distributing important tax information. Categorically, hedge funds and funds of funds have higher fees and expenses than traditional investments, and such fees and expenses can lower the returns achieved by investors. Funds of funds have an additional layer of fees over and above hedge fund fees that will offset returns. An investment in an **exchange-traded fund** involves risks similar to those of investing in a broadly based portfolio of equity securities traded on an exchange in the relevant securities market, such as market fluctuations caused by such factors as economic and political developments, changes in interest rates and perceived trends in stock and bond prices. An investment in a **target date portfolio** is subject to the risks attendant to the underlying funds in which it invests, in these portfolios the funds are the Consulting

Group Capital Market funds. A target date portfolio is geared to investors who will retire and/or require income at an approximate year. The portfolio is managed to meet the investor's goals by the pre-established year or "target date." A target date portfolio will transition its invested assets from a more aggressive portfolio to a more conservative portfolio as the target date draws closer. An investment in the target date portfolio is not guaranteed at any time, including, before or after the target date is reached. **Managed futures** investments are speculative, involve a high degree of risk, use significant leverage, are generally illiquid, have substantial charges, subject investors to conflicts of interest, and are appropriate only for the risk capital portion of an investor's portfolio. Managed futures investments do not replace equities or bonds but rather may act as a complement in a well diversified portfolio. Managed Futures are complex and not appropriate for all investors.

As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund. All expressions of opinion are subject to change without notice and are not intended to be a forecast of future events or results. **Private Markets:** As part of the Morgan Stanley Private Markets – Access program, Morgan Stanley will be limited solely to a role as an introducer and will <u>not</u> be serving as a placement agent or adviser. Eligible investors must enroll in the program in order to see any investment opportunities. Investments require independent evaluation, due diligence, review & analysis. Neither Morgan Stanley nor any of its affiliates is making any recommendation to purchase or take any action of any sort and is not providing any advice on investments. Investors are asked to work directly with the issuer/sponsor and with your own independent (non-Morgan Stanley) financial, legal, accounting, tax, and other professional advisors to evaluate the investment opportunity.

Investors are responsible for complying with the terms of any applicable exemption from securities law requirements and any potential Private Company issuer restrictions for any sale of Private Company shares, and you must obtain your own legal counsel to advise you in connection with such requirements and Private Company issuer restrictions. You should consult with your third-party advisors regarding the risks of transacting in Private Company shares, including the risk of transacting in a market with little or no price transparency or liquidity. Morgan Stanley provides no opinion or view on the valuation of any Private Company shares, or the sufficiency, fairness or competitiveness of any price obtained. Private Securities do not trade on any national securities exchange and, as such, any potential liquidity (i.e., the potential for any buying interest that might satisfy your sell interest) in such Private Company shares is very limited.

Virtual Currency Products (Cryptocurrencies)

Buying, selling, and transacting in Bitcoin, Ethereum or other digital assets ("Digital Assets"), and related funds and products, is highly speculative and may result in a loss of the entire investment. Risks and considerations include but are not limited to:

- Digital Assets have only been in existence for a short period of time and historical trading prices for Digital Assets have been highly volatile. The price of Digital Assets could decline rapidly, and investors could lose their entire investment.
- Certain Digital Asset funds and products, allow investors to invest on a more frequent basis than investors may withdraw from the fund or product, and interests in such funds or products are generally not freely transferrable. This means that, particularly given the volatility of Digital Assets, an investor will have to bear any losses with respect to its investment for an extended period of time and will not be able to react to changes in the price of the Digital Asset once invested (for example, by seeking to withdraw) as quickly as when making the decision to invest. Such Digital Asset funds and products, are intended only for persons who are able to bear the economic risk of investment and who do not need liquidity with respect to their investments.
- Given the volatility in the price of Digital Assets, the net asset value of a fund or product that invests in such assets at the time an investor's subscription for interests in the fund or product is accepted may be significantly below or above the net asset value of the product or fund at the time the investor submitted subscription materials.
- Certain Digital Assets are not intended to function as currencies but are intended to have other use cases. These other Digital Assets may be subject to some or all of the risks and considerations set forth herein, as well as additional risks applicable to such Digital Assets. Buyers, sellers and users of such Digital Assets should thoroughly familiarize themselves with such risks and considerations before transacting in such Digital Assets.
- The value of Digital Assets may be negatively impacted by future legal and regulatory developments, including but not limited to increased regulation of such Digital Assets. Any such developments may make such Digital Assets less valuable, impose additional burdens and expenses on a fund or product investing in such assets or impact the ability of such a fund or product to continue to operate, which may materially decrease the value of an investment therein.

- Due to the new and evolving nature of digital currencies and the absence of comprehensive guidance, many significant aspects of the tax treatment of Digital Assets are uncertain. Prospective investors should consult their own tax advisors concerning the tax consequences to them of the purchase, ownership and disposition of Digital Assets, directly or indirectly through a fund or product, under U.S. federal income tax law, as well as the tax law of any relevant state, local or other jurisdiction.
- Over the past several years, certain Digital Asset exchanges have experienced failures or interruptions in service due to fraud, security breaches, operational problems or business failure. Such events in the future could impact any fund's or product's ability to transact in Digital Assets if the fund or product relies on an impacted exchange and may also materially decrease the price of Digital Assets, thereby impacting the value of your investment, regardless of whether the fund or product relies on such an impacted exchange.
- Although any Digital Asset product and its service providers have in place significant safeguards against loss, theft, destruction and inaccessibility, there is nonetheless a risk that some or all of a product's Digital Asset could be permanently lost, stolen, destroyed or inaccessible by virtue of, among other things, the loss or theft of the "private keys" necessary to access a product's Digital Asset.
- Investors in funds or products investing or transacting in Digital Assets may not benefit to the same extent (or at all) from "airdrops" with respect to, or "forks" in, a Digital Asset's blockchain, compared to investors who hold Digital Assets directly instead of through a fund or product. Additionally, a "fork" in the Digital Asset blockchain could materially decrease the price of such Digital Asset.
- Digital Assets are not legal tender, and are not backed by any government, corporation or other identified body, other than with respect to certain digital currencies that certain governments are or may be developing now or in the future. No law requires companies or individuals to accept digital currency as a form of payment (except, potentially, with respect to digital currencies developed by certain governments where such acceptance may be mandated). Instead, other than as described in the preceding sentences, Digital Asset products' use is limited to businesses and individuals that are willing to accept them. If no one were to accept digital currencies, virtual currency products would very likely become worthless.
- Platforms that buy and sell Digital Assets can be hacked, and some have failed. In addition, like the platforms themselves, digital wallets can be hacked, and are subject to theft and fraud. As a result, like other investors have, you can lose some or all of your holdings of Digital Assets.
- Unlike US banks and credit unions that provide certain guarantees of safety to depositors, there are no such safeguards provided to Digital Assets held in digital wallets by their providers or by regulators.
- Due to the anonymity Digital Assets offer, they have known use in illegal activity, including drug dealing, money laundering, human tracking, sanction evasion and other forms of illegal commerce. Abuses could impact legitimate consumers and speculators; for instance, law enforcement agencies could shut down or restrict the use of platforms and exchanges, limiting or shutting off entirely the ability to use or trade Digital Asset products.
- Digital Assets may not have an established track record of credibility and trust. Further, any performance data relating to Digital Asset products may not be verifiable as pricing models are not uniform.

Investors should be aware of the potentially increased risks of transacting in Digital Assets relating to the risks and considerations, including fraud, theft, and lack of legitimacy, and other aspects and qualities of Digital Assets, before transacting in such assets.

Asset allocation and diversification do not assure a profit or protect against loss in declining financial markets. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Actual results may vary.

Rebalancing does not protect against a loss in declining financial markets. There may be a potential tax implication with a rebalancing strategy. Investors should consult with their tax advisor before implementing such a strategy.

Indices are unmanaged and investors cannot directly invest in them. They are not subject to expenses or fees and are often comprised of securities and other investment instruments the liquidity of which is not restricted. A particular investment product may consist of securities significantly different than those in any index referred to herein. Composite index results are shown for illustrative purposes only, generally do not represent the performance of a specific investment, may not, for a variety of reasons, be an appropriate comparison or benchmark for a particular investment and may

not necessarily reflect the actual investment strategy or objective of a particular investment. Consequently, comparing an investment to a particular index may be of limited use.

Artificial intelligence (AI) is subject to limitations, and you should be aware that any output from an AI-supported tool or service made available by the Firm for your use is subject to such limitations, including but not limited to inaccuracy, incompleteness, or embedded bias. You should always verify the results of any AI-generated output.

To obtain **Tax-Management Services**, a client must complete the Tax-Management Form, and deliver the signed form to Morgan Stanley. For more information on Tax-Management Services, including its features and limitations, please ask your Financial Advisor for the Tax Management Form. Review the form carefully with your tax advisor. Tax-Management Services: (a) apply only to equity investments in separate account sleeves of client accounts; (b) are not available for all accounts or clients; and (c) may adversely impact account performance. Tax-management services do not constitute tax advice or a complete tax-sensitive investment management program. There is no guarantee that tax-management services will produce the desired tax results.

When Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC, its affiliates and Morgan Stanley Financial Advisors and Private Wealth Advisors (collectively, "Morgan Stanley") provide "investment advice" regarding a retirement or welfare benefit plan account, an individual retirement account or a Coverdell education savings account ("Retirement Account"), Morgan Stanley is a "fiduciary" as those terms are defined under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended ("ERISA"), and/or the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the "Code"), as applicable. When Morgan Stanley provides investment education, takes orders on an unsolicited basis or otherwise does not provide "investment advice", Morgan Stanley will not be considered a "fiduciary" under ERISA and/or the Code. For more information regarding Morgan Stanley's role with respect to a Retirement Account, please visit www.morganstanley.com/disclosures/dol. Tax laws are complex and subject to change. Morgan Stanley does not provide tax or legal advice. Individuals are encouraged to consult their tax and legal advisors (a) before establishing a Retirement Account, and (b) regarding any potential tax, ERISA and related consequences of any investments or other transactions made with respect to a Retirement Account. Individuals should consult their tax advisor for matters involving taxation and tax planning and other legal matters.

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Advisor delivers your report to you, if you so desire, your Financial Advisor can help you implement any part that you choose; however, you are not obligated to work with your Financial Advisor or Morgan Stanley.

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GLOBAL INVESTMENT COMMITTEE (GIC) ASSET ALLOCATION MODELS: The Asset Allocation Models are created by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management's GIC.

HYPOTHETICAL MODEL PERFORMANCE (GROSS): Hypothetical model performance results do not reflect the investment or performance of an actual portfolio following a GIC Strategy, but simply reflect actual historical performance of selected indices on a real-time basis over the specified period of time representing the GIC's strategic and tactical allocations as of the date of this report. The past performance shown here is simulated performance based on benchmark indices, not investment results from an actual portfolio or actual trading. There can be large differences between hypothetical and actual performance results achieved by a particular asset allocation or trading strategy. Hypothetical performance results do not represent actual trading and are generally designed with the benefit of hindsight. Actual performance results of accounts vary due to, for example, market factors (such as liquidity) and client-specific factors (such as investment vehicle selection, timing of contributions and withdrawals, restrictions and rebalancing schedules). Clients would not necessarily have obtained the performance results shown here if they had invested in accordance with any GIC Asset Allocation Model for the periods indicated. Despite the limitations of hypothetical performance, these hypothetical performance results allow clients and Financial Advisors to obtain a sense of the risk/return trade-off of different asset allocation constructs. The hypothetical performance results in this report are calculated using the returns of benchmark indices for the asset classes, and not the returns of securities, fund or other investment products. Models may contain allocations to Hedge Funds, Private Equity and Private Real Estate. The benchmark indices for these asset classes are not issued on a daily basis. When calculating model performance on a day for which no benchmark index data is issued, we have assumed straight line growth between the index levels issued before and after that date.

FEES REDUCE THE PERFORMANCE OF ACTUAL ACCOUNTS: None of the fees or other expenses (e.g. commissions, mark-ups, mark-downs, fees) associated with actual trading or accounts are reflected in the GIC Asset Allocation Models. The GIC Asset Allocation Models and any model performance included in this presentation are intended as educational materials. Were a client to use these models in connection with investing, any investment decisions made would be subject to transaction and other costs which, when compounded over a period of years, would decrease returns. Information regarding Morgan Stanley's standard advisory fees is available in the Form ADV Part 2, which is available at www.morganstanley.com/adv. The following hypothetical illustrates the compound effect fees have on investment returns: For example, if a portfolio's annual rate of return is 15% for 5 years and the account pays 50 basis points in fees per annum, the gross cumulative five-year return would be 101.1% and the five-year return net of fees would be 96.8%. Fees and/or expenses would apply to clients who invest in investments in an account based on these asset allocations, and would reduce clients' returns. The impact of fees and/or expenses can be material.

Variable annuities are long-term investments designed for retirement purposes and may be subject to market fluctuations, investment risk, and possible loss of principal. All guarantees, including optional benefits, are based on the financial strength and claims-paying ability of the issuing insurance company and do not apply to the underlying investment options. Optional riders may not be able to be purchased in combination and are available at an additional cost. Some optional riders must be elected at time of purchase. Optional riders may be subject to specific limitations, restrictions, holding periods, costs, and expenses as specified by the insurance company in the annuity contract. If you are investing in a variable annuity through a tax-advantaged retirement plan such as an IRA, you will get no additional tax advantage from the variable annuity. Under these circumstances, you should only consider buying a variable annuity because of its other features, such as lifetime income payments and death benefits protection. Taxable distributions (and certain deemed distributions) are subject to ordinary income tax and, if taken prior to age 59½, may be subject to a 10% federal income tax penalty. Early withdrawals will reduce the death benefit and cash surrender value.

Equity securities may fluctuate in response to news on companies, industries, market conditions and general economic environment.

Ultrashort-term fixed income asset class is comprised of fixed income securities with high quality, very short maturities. They are therefore subject to the risks associated with debt securities such as credit and interest rate risk.

Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) are limited partnerships or limited liability companies that are taxed as partnerships and whose interests (limited partnership units or limited liability company units) are traded on securities exchanges like shares of common stock. Currently, most MLPs operate in the energy, natural resources or real estate sectors. Investments in MLP interests are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in the energy and natural resources sectors, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk. Individual MLPs are publicly traded partnerships that have unique risks related to their structure. These include, but are not limited to, their reliance on the capital markets to fund growth, adverse ruling on the current tax treatment of distributions (typically mostly tax deferred), and commodity volume risk. The potential tax benefits from investing in MLPs depend on their being treated as partnerships for federal income tax purposes and, if the MLP is deemed to be a corporation, then its income would be subject to federal taxation at the entity level, reducing the amount of cash available for distribution to the fund which could result in a reduction of the fund's value. MLPs carry interest rate risk and may underperform in a rising interest rate environment. MLP funds accrue deferred income taxes for future tax liabilities associated with the portion of MLP distributions considered to be a tax-deferred return of capital and for any net operating gains as well as capital appreciation of its investments; this deferred tax liability is reflected in the daily NAV, and, as a result, the MLP fund's after-tax performance could differ significantly from the underlying assets even if the pre-tax performance is closely tracked.

Investing in commodities entails significant risks. Commodity prices may be affected by a variety of factors at any time, including but not limited to, (i) changes in supply and demand relationships, (ii) governmental programs and policies, (iii) national and international political and economic events, war and terrorist events, (iv) changes in interest and exchange rates, (v) trading activities in commodities and related contracts, (vi) pestilence, technological change and weather, and (vii) the price volatility of a commodity. In addition, the commodities markets are subject to temporary distortions or other disruptions due to various factors, including lack of liquidity, participation of speculators and government intervention. Physical precious metals are non-regulated products. Precious metals are speculative investments, which may experience short-term and long term price volatility. The value of precious metals investments may fluctuate and may appreciate or decline, depending on market conditions. Unlike bonds and stocks, precious metals do not make interest or dividend payments. Therefore, precious metals may not be appropriate for investors who require current income. Precious metals are commodities that should be safely stored, which may impose additional costs on the investor.

REITs investing risks are similar to those associated with direct investments in real estate: property value fluctuations, lack of liquidity, limited diversification and sensitivity to economic factors such as interest rate changes and market recessions. Risks of **private real estate** include: illiquidity; a long-term investment horizon with a limited or nonexistent secondary market; lack of transparency; volatility (risk of loss); and leverage. Principal is returned on a monthly basis over the life of a **mortgage-backed security**. Principal prepayment can significantly affect the monthly income stream and the maturity of any type of MBS, including standard MBS, CMOs and Lottery Bonds. **Asset-backed securities** generally decrease in value as a result of interest rate increases, but may benefit less than other fixed-income securities from declining interest rates, principally because of prepayments.

Yields are subject to change with economic conditions. Yield is only one factor that should be considered when making an investment decision.

Credit ratings are subject to change.

Duration, the most commonly used measure of bond risk, quantifies the effect of changes in interest rates on the price of a bond or bond portfolio. The longer the duration, the more sensitive the bond or portfolio would be to changes in interest rates. The majority of \$25 and \$1000 par preferred securities are "callable" meaning that the issuer may retire the securities at specific prices and dates prior to maturity. Interest/dividend payments on certain preferred issues may be deferred by the issuer for periods of up to 5 to 10 years, depending on the particular issue. The investor would still have income tax liability even though payments would not have been received. Price quoted is per \$25 or \$1,000 share, unless otherwise specified. Current yield is calculated by multiplying the coupon by par value divided by the market price. The initial interest rate on a **floating-rate security** may be lower than that of a fixed-rate security of the same maturity because investors expect to receive additional income due to future increases in the floating security's underlying reference rate. The reference rate could be an index or an interest rate. However, there can be no assurance that the reference rate will increase. Some floating-rate securities may be subject to call risk. The market value of **convertible bonds** and the underlying common stock(s) will fluctuate and after purchase may be worth more or less than original cost. If sold prior to maturity, investors may receive more or less than their original purchase price or maturity value, depending on market conditions. Callable bonds may be redeemed by the issuer prior to maturity. Additional call features may exist that could affect yield. Some \$25 or \$1000 **par preferred securities** are QDI (Qualified Dividend Income) eligible. Information on QDI eligiblity is obtained from third party sources. The dividend income on QDI eligible preferreds qualifies for a reduced tax rate. Many traditional 'dividend paying' perpetual preferred

securities (traditional preferreds with no maturity date) are QDI eligible. In order to qualify for the preferential tax treatment all qualifying preferred securities must be held by investors for a minimum period – 91 days during a 180 day window period, beginning 90 days before the ex-dividend date.

Companies paying **dividends** can reduce or cut payouts at any time.

Nondiversification: For a portfolio that holds a concentrated or limited number of securities, a decline in the value of these investments would cause the portfolio's overall value to decline to a greater degree than a less concentrated portfolio. The indices selected by Morgan Stanley Wealth Management to measure performance are representative of broad asset classes. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management retains the right to change representative indices at any time. Because of their narrow focus, sector investments tend to be more volatile than investments that diversify across many sectors and companies.

Growth investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations.

Value investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. Not all companies whose stocks are considered to be value stocks are able to turn their business around or successfully employ corrective strategies which would result in stock prices that do not rise as initially expected.

Any type of continuous or periodic investment plan does not assure a profit and does not protect against loss in declining markets. Since such a plan involves continuous investment in securities regardless of fluctuating price levels of such securities, the investor should consider his financial ability to continue his purchases through periods of low price levels.

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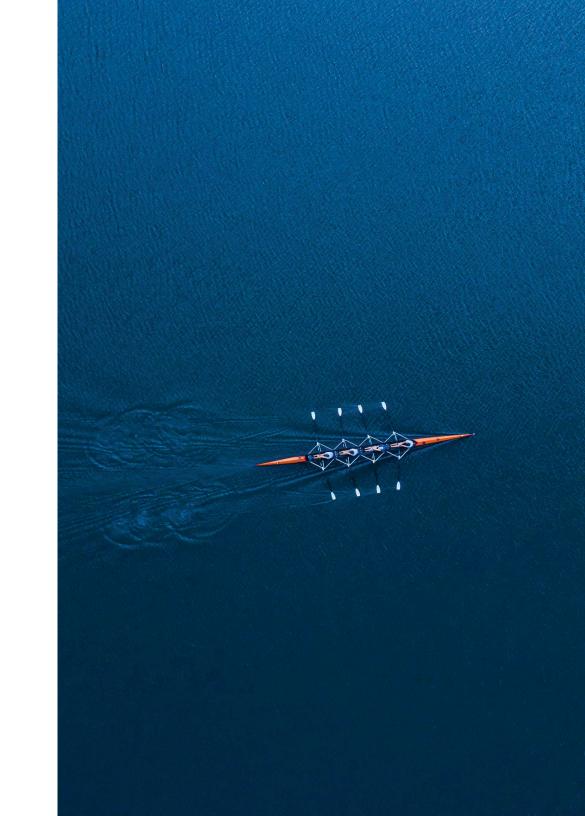
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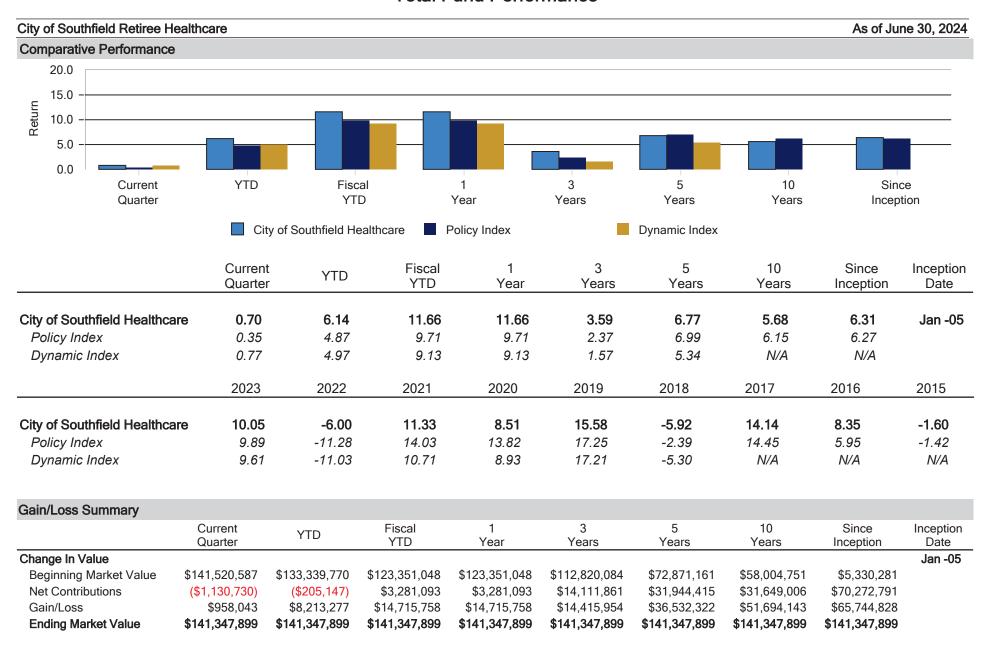


City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare

Quarterly Report June 30, 2024



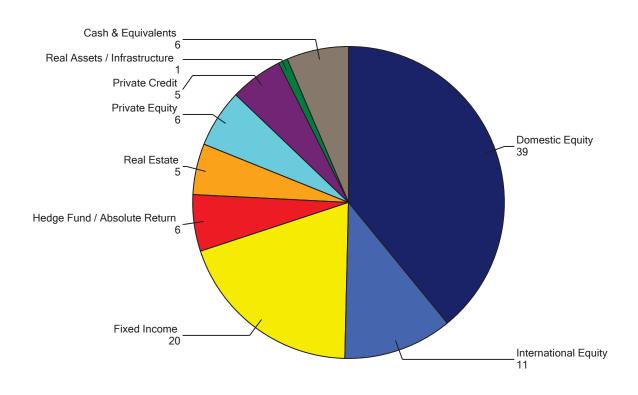
Total Fund Performance



Policy Index Breakdown as of 12/1/2023 to reflect latest IPS update: 20% Russell 3000 VL Index, 19% MSCI US Broad Market, 12% MSCI ACWI ex US (Net), 18% Bloomberg BC Aggregate Bond Index, 5% HFRI FOF Composite Index, 7% NCREIF Index, 7.5% Cambridge PE Index, 8.5% Cambridge PC Index, 2% Cambridge Infrastructure Index and 1% 90 Day T-Bills. Periods greater than one year are annualized. Fiscal YTD begins July 1. Source: Investment Metrics / Paris

As of June 30, 2024

Total Market Value: \$141,347,899

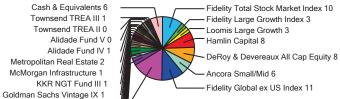


	Market Value (\$)	Allocation (%)
■ Domestic Equity	55,235,365	39.1
International Equity	15,976,833	11.3
☐ Fixed Income	27,649,350	19.6
Hedge Fund / Absolute Return	8,289,555	5.9
■ Real Estate	7,474,166	5.3
■ Private Equity	8,520,618	6.0
■ Private Credit	7,729,805	5.5
Real Assets / Infrastructure	1,371,813	1.0
■ Cash & Equivalents	9,100,396	6.4

Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris



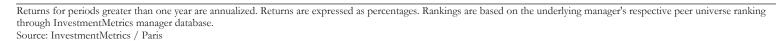
Total Market Value: \$141,347,899



Goldman Sachs Vintage IX 1	Market Value (\$)	Allocation (%)
■ Fidelity Total Stock Market Index	14,671,377	10.4
■ Fidelity Large Growth Index	4,259,647	3.0
Loomis Large Growth	4,171,616	3.0
Hamlin Capital	11,419,171	8.1
DeRoy & Devereaux All Cap Equity	11,562,256	8.2
Ancora Small/Mid	9,151,298	6.5
■ Fidelity Global ex US Index	15,976,833	11.3
Loomis Investment Grade	22,364,035	15.8
■ JP Morgan Strategic Income	5,285,315	3.7
□ Carlyle Tactical Private Credit	2,282,237	1.6
Oaktree Strategic Credit	5,447,568	3.9
Abbey Capital Alternative Fund	2,659,371	1.9
■ Graham Absolute Return	3,062,697	2.2
Corbin Pinehurst	2,556,975	1.8
■ EnTrust Diversified (Class X - Gramercy)	10,512	0.0
■ EnTrust Special Opps III (Class C)	1,047,846	0.7
■ EnTrust Special Opps III (Class H)	2,440,410	1.7
■ Blackstone Tactical Opps	174,351	0.1
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II	2,656,950	1.9
■ Goldman Sachs Vintage IX	1,489,332	1.1
■ KKR NGT Fund III	711,729	0.5
■ McMorgan Infrastructure	1,371,813	1.0
■ Metropolitan Real Estate	3,352,095	2.4
Alidade Fund IV	1,634,748	1.2
■ Alidade Fund V	507,068	0.4
■ Townsend TREA II	477,100	0.3
■ Townsend TREA III	1,503,155	1.1
☐ Cash & Equivalents	9,100,396	6.4

Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris

City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare								As of J	une 30, 2024
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Total Fund Rankings									
City of Southfield Healthcare	0.70	6.14	11.66	3.59	6.77	6.45	5.68	6.31	Jan- 05
City of Southfield Healthcare Rank	69	23	29	14	23	26	26	16	
Global Equities									
Fidelity Total Market Ix (FSKAX)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3.11	Jun- 24
DJ US Total Stock Market	3.24	13.61	23.20	7.90	14.04	13.40	N/A	3.11	
Fidelity Large Growth Index	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.75	Jun- 24
Russell 1000 Gr	8.33	20.70	33.48	11.28	19.34	18.64	16.33	6.74	
Loomis Large Growth	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.79	Jun- 24
Russell 1000 Gr	8.33	20.70	33.48	11.28	19.34	18.64	16.33	6.74	
Hamlin Capital	0.01	8.53	15.75	9.24	12.03	10.80	8.80	11.25	Jan- 11
Russell 3000 VL	-2.25	6.18	12.93	5.14	8.89	8.43	8.10	10.10	
Hamlin Capital Rank	30	42	52	19	20	28	52	27	
DeRoy & Devereaux All Cap Equity	0.10	12.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	24.57	Oct- 23
Russell 3000 VL	-2.25	6.18	12.93	<i>5.14</i>	8.89	8.43	8.10	16.61	
DeRoy & Devereaux All Cap Equity Rank	51	31	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	37	
Ancora Small/Mid	-4.26	5.92	16.74	3.16	10.10	N/A	N/A	8.14	Apr- 18
Russell 2500	-4.27	2.35	10.47	-0.29	8.31	8.44	7.99	7.84	
Ancora Small/Mid Rank	80	20	10	36	44	N/A	N/A	66	
Fidelity Global ex US Index	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-0.60	Jun- 24
MSCI AC World ex US Net	0.96	5.69	11.62	0.46	5.55	5.17	3.84	-0.10	



City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare									une 30, 2024
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Fixed Income									
Loomis Investment Grade Bond	0.58	0.91	5.99	-0.86	2.46	3.01	2.63	3.97	Dec- 10
Bloomberg US Aggregate	0.06	-0.71	2.63	-3.02	-0.23	0.86	1.35	1.91	
Loomis Investment Grade Bond Rank	87	73	31	78	3	2	1	1	
JPMorgan Strategic Income	1.75	3.32	6.74	3.69	3.14	3.13	N/A	3.29	Jan- 17
Bloomberg US Universal	0.19	-0.28	3.47	-2.68	0.11	1.15	1.63	1.43	
JPMorgan Strategic Income Rank	2	5	16	2	2	2	N/A	2	
Hedge Funds									
Corbin Pinehurst	-0.32	3.53	11.62	2.02	5.61	5.68	4.87	5.40	Feb- 13
HFRI Fund of Funds Comp	0.44	4.63	8.50	2.06	4.78	4.31	3.48	3.81	
Graham Absolute Return	1.16	7.53	13.95	10.58	7.87	N/A	N/A	7.86	May- 19
HFRI Fund of Funds Comp	0.44	4.63	8.50	2.06	4.78	4.31	3.48	4.74	•
Abbey Capital Alternative Fund	-1.53	10.11	2.33	7.79	7.99	N/A	N/A	8.42	May- 19
Barclay CTA	-0.11	3.23	2.67	2.84	3.84	3.23	2.49	4.08	•
EnTrust Diversified (Class X - Gramercy)	-1.47	-6.14	-14.24	-61.15	-44.12	-34.70	-26.44	-22.93	Feb- 13
HFRI Fund of Funds Comp	0.44	4.63	8.50	2.06	4.78	4.31	3.48	3.81	
Private Equity									
Blackstone Tactical Opps	0.00	4.26	-1.57	-4.17	2.55	4.12	5.11	5.60	Nov- 13
Cambridge US Private Equity	0.00	1.95	6.25	6.94	15.49	16.28	15.22	15.97	
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class C)	0.00	4.11	9.26	-6.74	-3.72	-2.49	N/A	0.76	Feb- 16
HFRI Fund of Funds Comp	0.44	4.63	8.50	2.06	4.78	4.31	3.48	4.48	
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class H)	0.00	4.17	8.53	-3.02	1.24	N/A	N/A	-0.07	Aug- 18
HFRI Fund of Funds Comp	0.44	4.63	8.50	2.06	4.78	4.31	3.48	4.19	•
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II	0.00	1.98	7.14	28.76	N/A	N/A	N/A	46.60	Aug- 19
Cambridge US Private Equity	0.00	1.95	6.25	6.94	15.49	16.28	15.22	16.00	•
Goldman Sachs Vintage IX	0.00	22.59	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	136.70	Aug- 23
Cambridge US Private Equity	0.00	1.95	6.25	6.94	15.49	16.28	15.22	6.25	-5

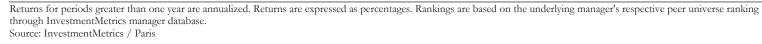
Returns for periods greater than one year are annualized. Returns are expressed as percentages. Rankings are based on the underlying manager's respective peer universe ranking through InvestmentMetrics manager database.

Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris

Graystone Consulting from Morgan Stanley

City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare								As of J	une 30, 2024
	Current Quarter	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	7 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
KKR NGT Fund III	0.00	9.38	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-13.04	Nov- 23
Cambridge US Private Equity	0.00	1.95	6.25	6.94	15.49	16.28	<i>15.22</i>	5.36	
Real Estate									
McMorgan Infrastructure	0.00	-0.62	5.29	7.33	7.67	7.92	N/A	7.94	Dec- 14
MSCI AC World Infrastructure	2.17	5.37	7.85	2.00	2.99	3.54	2.72	2.80	
Metropolitan Real Estate	0.00	-0.71	-4.37	10.59	5.93	N/A	N/A	-0.57	Mar- 18
NCREIF Property Idx	-0.22	-1.14	-5.44	2.37	3.41	4.39	6.09	4.15	
Alidade Fund IV	0.00	2.37	-3.48	3.90	8.35	N/A	N/A	5.89	Jul- 18
NCREIF Property Idx	-0.22	-1.14	-5.44	2.37	3.41	4.39	6.09	3.96	
Alidade Fund V	0.00	-6.03	-38.84	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	-41.23	Sep- 21
NCREIF Property Idx	-0.22	-1.14	-5.44	2.37	3.41	4.39	6.09	1.07	
Townsend TREA II	0.00	2.10	-14.55	-2.58	1.94	4.53	N/A	6.01	Feb- 16
NCREIF Property Idx	-0.22	-1.14	-5.44	2.37	3.41	4.39	6.09	4.99	
Townsend TREA III	0.00	-1.12	13.27	3.61	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.64	Mar- 20
NCREIF Property Idx	-0.22	-1.14	-5.44	2.37	3.41	4.39	6.09	3.17	
Private Credit									
Carlyle Tactical Private Credit	2.71	6.11	13.83	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.45	Apr- 23
Cambridge Private Credit	0.00	2.03	6.98	7.05	7.98	7.99	7.39	7.62	
Oaktree Strategic Credit	2.61	4.97	8.95	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.95	Jul- 23
Cambridge Private Credit	0.00	2.03	6.98	7.05	7.98	7.99	7.39	6.98	

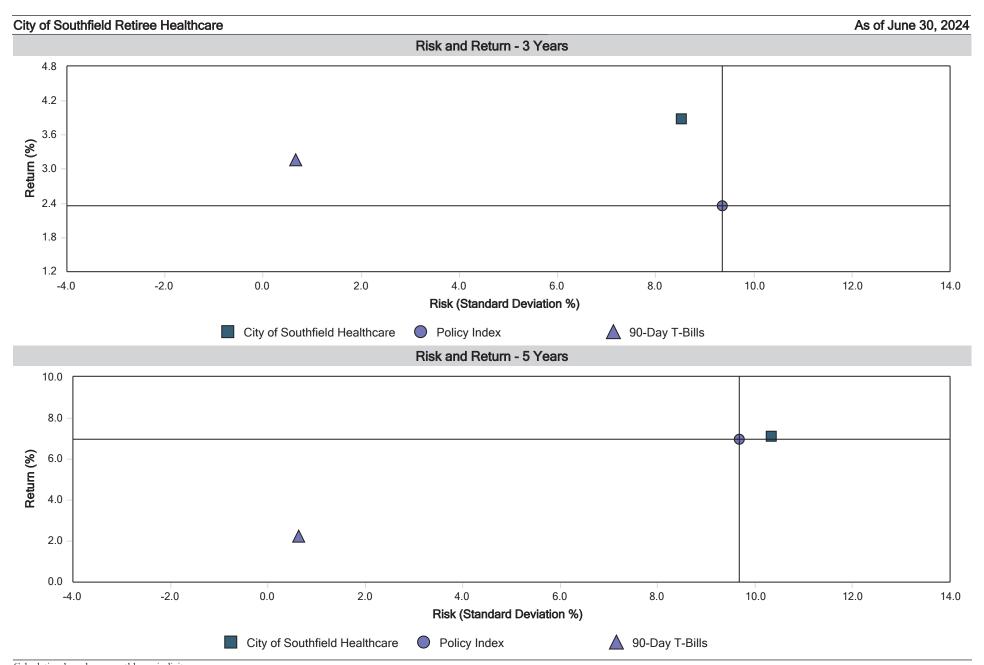
Returns for periods greater than one year are annualized. Returns are expressed as percentages. Rankings are based on the underlying manager's respective peer universe ranking through InvestmentMetrics manager database. Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris



City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare Alternative Investments - IRR Performance As of June 30, 2024

	Since Inception	Inception Date
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class C)	-0.94	Feb - 16
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class H)	1.16	Aug - 18
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II	39.79	Aug - 19
Blackstone Tactical Opps	7.65	Nov - 13
McMorgan Infrastructure	8.32	Dec - 14
Townsend TREA II	10.02	Feb - 16
Townsend TREA III	4.48	Mar - 20
Alidade Fund IV	7.72	Jul - 18
Alidade Fund V	-34.18	Sep - 21
Metropolitan Real Estate	7.36	Mar - 18
Goldman Sachs Vintage IX	99.93	Aug - 23
KKR NGT Fund III	-10.59	Nov - 23

Total Fund Risk / Return Analysis



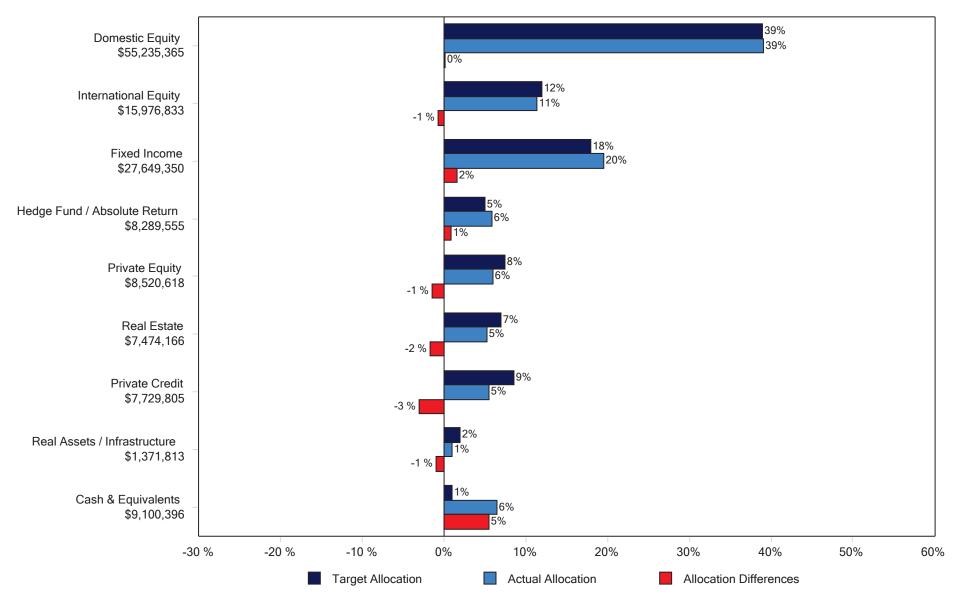
Calculation based on monthly periodicity. Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris



Investment Policy Compliance Test

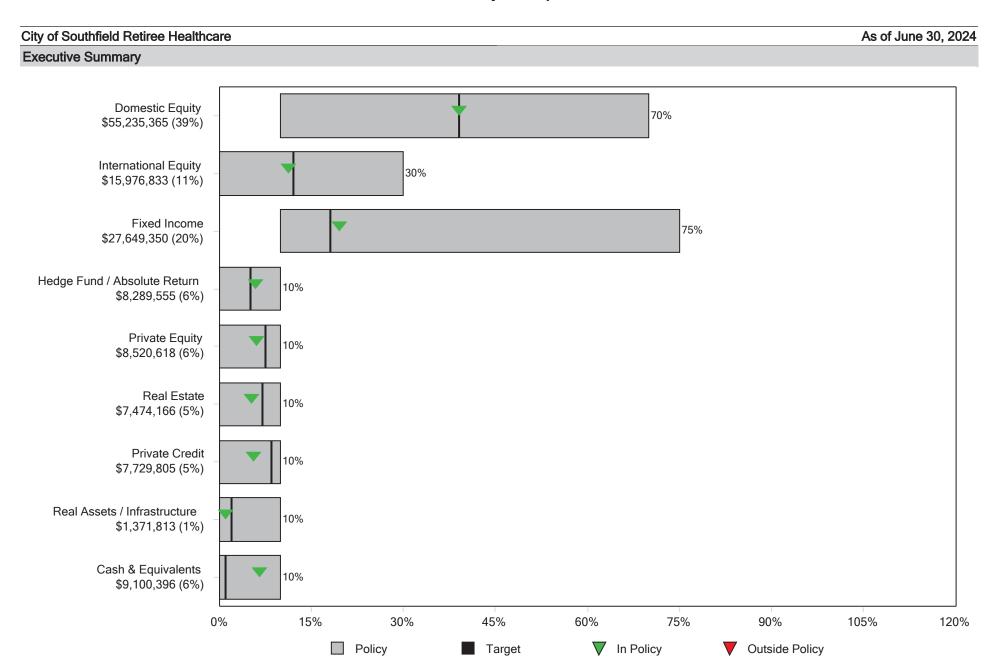
City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare As of June 30, 2024

Asset Allocation Compliance



Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris

Investment Policy Compliance Test



Source: InvestmentMetrics / Paris

Performance Appendix

Performance Data below is net of fees. Please see the Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Form ADV Part 2 Brochure for advisory accounts and/or any applicable brokerage account trade confirmation statements for a full disclosure of the applicable charges, fees and expenses. Your Financial Advisor will provide those documents to you upon request.

Account Name	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Abbey Capital Alternative Fund	-1.53	10.11	2.33	7.79	7.99		8.42	05/01/2019
Alidade Fund IV		2.37	-3.48	3.90	8.35		5.84	07/20/2018
Alidade Fund V Alidade Fund V	0.00							
	0.00	-6.03	-38.84	2.16	10.10		-40.53	09/24/2021
Ancora Small/Mid	-4.26	5.92	16.74	3.16	10.10		8.14	04/01/2018
Carlyle Tactical Private Credit	2.71	6.12	13.84				11.41	04/03/2023
Corbin Pinehurst	-0.32	3.53	11.62	2.02	5.61	4.87	5.39	02/04/2013
DeRoy & Devereaux All Cap Equity	0.10	12.26					24.57	10/01/2023
EnTrust Diversified (Class X - Gramercy)	-1.47	-6.14	-14.24	-61.15	-44.12	-26.44	-22.92	02/04/2013
Fidelity Global ex US Index							-1.83	05/01/2024
Fidelity Large Growth Index							6.51	05/01/2024
Fidelity Total Stock Market Index							2.55	05/01/2024
Graham Absolute Return	1.16	7.53	13.95	10.58	7.87		7.86	05/01/2019
Hamlin Capital	0.01	8.53	15.75	9.24	12.03	8.80	11.25	01/01/2011
JP Morgan Strategic Income	1.56	2.94	5.94	2.97	2.40		2.53	12/01/2016
Loomis Investment Grade	0.46	0.67	5.47	-1.25	4.06	3.15	4.23	12/01/2010
Loomis Large Growth							5.79	06/01/2024
Metropolitan Real Estate	0.00	-0.71	-4.37	10.59	5.93		-0.56	03/19/2018
Oaktree Strategic Credit	2.61	4.97	8.95				8.95	07/31/2023
Townsend TREA II	0.00	2.10	-14.55	-2.58	1.94		6.01	02/02/2016
Townsend TREA III	0.00	-1.12	13.27	3.61			5.58	03/20/2020

All performance above are Time Weighted(TWR) performance

IRR Appendix

Account Name	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
Blackstone Tactical Opps	0.00	4.22	-2.53	-5.55	4.58	7.39	7.65	11/18/2013
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class C)	0.00	4.11	9.24	-7.27	-4.34		-0.94	02/19/2016
EnTrust Special Opps III (Class H)	0.00	4.16	8.49	-3.41	0.99		1.16	08/09/2018
Goldman Sachs Vintage IX	0.00	21.65					99.93	08/25/2023
KKR NGT Fund III	0.00	9.27					-10.59	11/10/2023

IRR Appendix

Account Name	QTD	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception	Inception Date
McMorgan Infrastructure	0.00	-0.63	5.29	7.42	7.98		8.32	12/01/2014
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II	0.00	1.97	7.13	23.42			39.79	08/26/2019

All performance above are Dollar Weighted(IRR) performance

Information Disclosures

Performance results are annualized for time periods greater than one year and include all cash and cash equivalents, realized and unrealized capital gains and losses, and dividends, interest and income. The investment results depicted herein represent historical performance. As a result of recent market activity, current performance may vary from the figures shown. Past performance is not a guarantee of future results.

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The performance data shown reflects past performance, which does not guarantee future results. Investment return and principal will fluctuate so that an investor's shares when redeemed may be worth more or less than original cost. Please note, current performance may be higher or lower than the performance data shown. For up to date month-end performance information, please contact your Financial Advisor or visit the funds' company website.

Investors should carefully consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges and expenses before investing. The prospectus and, if available the summary prospectus, contains this and other information that should be read carefully before investing. Investors should review the information in the prospectus carefully. To obtain a prospectus, please contact your Financial Advisor or visit the funds' company website.

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Composites are the aggregate of multiple portfolios within an asset pool.

Investing involves market risk, including possible loss of principal. Growth investing does not guarantee a profit or eliminate risk. The stocks of these companies can have relatively high valuations. Because of these high valuations, an investment in a growth stock can be more risky than an investment in a company with more modest growth expectations. Value investing involves the risk that the market may not recognize that securities are undervalued, and they may not appreciate as anticipated. Small and mid-capitalization companies may lack the financial resources, product diversification and competitive strengths of larger companies. The securities of small capitalization companies may not trade as readily as, and be subject to higher volatility than those of larger, more established companies. Bond funds and bond holdings have the same interest rate, inflation and credit risks that are associated with the underlying bonds owned by the funds. The return of principal in bond funds, and in funds with significant bond holdings, is not guaranteed. International securities' prices may carry additional risks, including foreign economic, political, monetary and/or legal factors, changing currency exchange rates, foreign taxes and differences in financial and accounting standards. International investing may not be for everyone. These risks may be magnified in emerging markets. Alternative investments, including private equity funds, real estate funds, hedge funds, managed futures funds, and funds of hedge funds, private equity, and managed futures funds, are speculative and entail significant risks that can include losses due to leveraging or\other speculative investment practices, lack of liquidity, volatility of returns, restrictions on transferring interests in a fund, potential lack of diversification, absence and/or delay of information regarding valuations and pricing, complex tax structures and delays in tax reporting, less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds and risks associated with the operations, personnel and processes of the advisor. Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs) are limited partnerships or limited liability companies that are taxed as partnerships and whose interests (limited partnership units or limited liability company units) are traded on securities exchanges like shares of common stock. Currently, most MLPs operate in the energy, natural resources or real estate sectors. Investments in MLP interests are subject to the risks generally applicable to companies in the energy and natural resources sectors, including commodity pricing risk, supply and demand risk, depletion risk and exploration risk; and MLP interests in the real estate sector are subject to special risks, including interest rate and property value fluctuations, as well as risks related to general and economic conditions. Because of their narrow focus, MLPs maintain exposure to price volatility of commodities and/or underlying assets and tend to be more volatile than investments that diversify across many sectors and companies. MLPs are also subject to additional risks including investors having limited control and rights to vote on matters affecting the MLP, limited access to capital, cash flow risk, lack of liquidity, dilution risk, conflict of interests, and limited call rights related to acquisitions.

Mortgage backed securities also involve prepayment risk, in that faster or slower prepayments than expected on underlying mortgage loans can dramatically alter the yield-to-maturity of a mortgage-backed security and prepayment risk includes the possibility that a fund may invest the proceeds at generally lower interest rates.

Tax managed funds may not meet their objective of being tax-efficient.

Real estate investments are subject to special risks, including interest rate and property value fluctuations, as well as risks related to general and economic conditions.

High yield fixed income securities, also known as "junk bonds", are considered speculative, involve greater risk of default and tend to be more volatile than investment grade fixed income securities.

Credit quality is a measure of a bond issuer's creditworthiness, or ability to repay interest and principal to bondholders in a timely manner. The credit ratings shown are based on security rating as provided by Standard & Poor's, Moody's and/or Fitch, as applicable. Credit ratings are issued by the rating agencies for the underlying securities in the fund and not the fund itself, and the credit quality of the securities in the fund does not represent the stability or safety of the fund. Credit ratings shown range from AAA, being the

highest, to D, being the lowest based on S&P and Fitch's classification (the equivalent of Aaa and C, respectively, by Moody(s). Ratings of BBB or higher by S&P and Fitch (Baa or higher by Moody's) are considered to be investment grade-quality securities. If two or more of the agencies have assigned different ratings to a security, the highest rating is applied. Securities that are not rated by all three agencies are listed as "NR".

Money Market Funds

You could lose money in Money Market Funds. Although MMFs classified as government funds (i.e., MMFs that invest 99.5% of total assets in cash and/or securities backed by the U.S government) and retail funds (i.e., MMFs open to natural person investors only) seek to preserve value at \$1.00 per share, they cannot guarantee they will do so. The price of other MMFs will fluctuate and when you sell shares they may be worth more or less than originally paid. MMFs may impose a fee upon sale or temporarily suspend sales if liquidity falls below required minimums. During suspensions, shares would not be available for purchases, withdrawals, check writing or ATM debits. A MMF investment is not insured or guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or other government agency.

"Alpha tilt strategies comprise a core holding of stocks that mimic a benchmark type index such as the S&P 500 to which additional securities are added to help tilt the fund toward potentially outperforming the market in an effort to enhance overall investment returns. Tilt strategies are subject to significant timing risk and could potentially expose investors to extended periods of underperformance."

Custom Account Index: The Custom Account Index is an investment benchmark based on your historical target allocations and/or manager selection that you may use to evaluate the performance of your account. The Custom Account index does take into consideration certain changes that may have occurred in your portfolio since the inception of your account, i.e., asset class and/or manager changes. However, in some circumstances, it may not be an appropriate benchmark for use with your specific account composition. For detailed report of the historical composition of this blend please contact your Financial Advisor.

Peer Groups

Peer Groups are a collection of similar investment strategies that essentially group investment products that share the same investment approach. Peer Groups are used for comparison purposes to compare and illustrate a clients investment portfolio versus its peer across various quantitative metrics like performance and risk. Peer Group comparison is conceptually another form of benchmark comparison whereby the actual investment can be ranked versus its peer across various quantitative metrics.

All Peer Group data are provided by Investment Metrics, LLC.

The URL below provides all the definitions and methodology about the various Peer Groups https://www.invmetrics.com/style-peer-groups

Peer Group Ranking Methodology

A percentile rank denotes the value of a product in which a certain percent of observations fall within a peer group. The range of percentile rankings is between 1 and 100, where 1 represents a high statistical value and 100 represents a low statistical value.

The 30th percentile, for example, is the value in which 30% of the highest observations may be found, the 65th percentile is the value in which 65% of the highest observations may be found, and so on.

Percentile rankings are calculated based on a normalized distribution ranging from 1 to 100 for all products in each peer group, where a ranking of 1 denotes a high statistical value and a ranking of 100 denotes a low statistical value. It is important to note that the same ranking methodology applies to all statistics, implying

that a ranking of 1 will always mean highest value across all statistics.

For example, consider a risk/return assessment using standard deviation as a measure of risk. A percentile ranking equal to 1 for return denotes highest return, whereas a percentile ranking of 1 for standard deviation denotes highest risk among peers.

In addition, values may be used to demonstrate quartile rankings. For example, the third quartile is also known as the 75th percentile, and the median is the 50th percentile.

Your interests in Alternative Investments, which may have been purchased through us, are generally not held here, and are generally not covered by SIPC. The information provided to you: 1) is included as a service to you, valuations for certain products may not be available; 2) is derived from you or another external source for which we are not responsible, and may have been modified to take into consideration capital calls or distributions to the extent applicable; 3) may not reflect actual shares, share prices or values; 4) may include invested or distributed amounts in addition to a fair value estimate; and 5) should not be relied upon for tax reporting purposes. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

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fund; Volatility of returns; Restrictions on transferring interests in a fund; Potential lack of diversification and resulting higher risk due to concentration of trading authority when a single advisor is utilized; Absence of information regarding valuations and pricing; Complex tax structures and delays in tax reporting; Less regulation and higher fees than mutual funds; and Risks associated with the operations, personnel, and processes of the manager. As a diversified global financial services firm, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management engages in a broad spectrum of activities including financial advisory services, investment management activities, sponsoring and managing private investment funds, engaging in broker-dealer transactions and principal securities, commodities and foreign exchange transactions, research publication, and other activities. In the ordinary course of its business, Morgan Stanley Wealth Management therefore engages in activities where Morgan Stanley Wealth Management 's interests may conflict with the interests of its clients, including the private investment funds it manages. Morgan Stanley Wealth Management can give no assurance that conflicts of interest will be resolved in favor of its clients or any such fund.

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SIPC insurance does not apply to precious metals, other commodities, or traditional alternative investments.

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For most investment advisory clients, the program account will be charged an asset-based wrap fee every quarter ("the Fee"). In general, the Fee covers investment advisory services and reporting. In addition to the Fee, clients will pay the fees and expenses of any funds in which their account is invested. Fund fees and expenses are charged directly to the pool of assets the fund invests in and impact the valuations. Clients must understand that these fees and expenses are an additional cost and will not be included in the Fee amount in the account statements

As fees are deducted quarterly, the compounding effect will be to increase the impact of the fees by an amount directly related to the gross account performance. For example, for an account with an initial value of \$100,000 and a 2.5% annual fee, if the gross performance is 5% per year over a three year period, the compounding effect of the fees will result in a net annual compound rate of return of approximately 2.40% per year over a three year period, and the total value of the client's portfolio at the end of the three year period would be approximately \$115,762.50 without the fees and \$107,372.63 with the fees. Please see the applicable Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC Form ADV Part 2A for more information including a description of the fee schedule. It is available at www.morganstanley.com/ADV or from your Financial Advisor/Private Wealth Advisor.

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Manager	Global Equity	Foreign Securities	Fixed Income	Cash	Real Estate	Basket Clause	Total	% of Portfolio
Fidelity Total Market Index	\$14,671,377	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$14,671,377	10.4%
Loomis Large Growth	\$4,041,923	\$0	\$0	\$129,693	\$0	\$0	\$4,171,616	3.0%
Fidelity Large Growth Index	\$4,259,647	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,259,647	3.0%
Hamlin Equity Income	\$11,253,588	\$0	\$0	\$165,583	\$0	\$0	\$11,419,171	8.1%
DeRoy & Devereaux All Cap	\$10,946,754	\$0	\$0	\$615,503	\$0	\$0	\$11,562,256	8.2%
Ancora Small / Mid	\$8,873,713	\$0	\$0	\$277,584	\$0	\$0	\$9,151,298	6.5%
Fidelity Global ex-US Index	\$15,976,833	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,976,833	11.3%
Loomis Inv. Grade Bond Fund	\$0	\$0	\$22,364,035	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$22,364,035	15.8%
JPM Strategic Income	\$0	\$0	\$5,285,315	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,285,315	3.7%
Carlyle Tactical Private Credit	\$0	\$0	\$387,980	\$0	\$0	\$1,894,257	\$2,282,237	1.6%
Oaktree Strategic Credit	\$0	\$0	\$2,560,357	\$0	\$0	\$2,887,211	\$5,447,568	3.9%
EnTrust Diversified (Class X)	\$0	\$10,512	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$10,512	0.0%
EnTrust Special Opps III Class C	\$831,675	\$82,361	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$133,810	\$1,047,846	0.7%
EnTrust Special Opps III Class H	\$1,718,049	\$129,342	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$593,020	\$2,440,410	1.7%
Goldman Sachs Vintage IX	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,489,332	\$1,489,332	1.1%
Corbin Capital	\$940,967	\$582,990	\$506,281	\$0	\$196,887	\$329,850	\$2,556,975	1.8%
Abbey Capital	\$664,843	\$664,843	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,329,686	\$2,659,371	1.9%
Graham Absolute Return	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,062,697	\$3,062,697	2.2%
Townsend Real Estate Alpha Fund II	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$477,100	\$0	\$477,100	0.3%
Townsend Real Estate Alpha Fund III	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,503,155	\$0	\$1,503,155	1.1%
Metropolitan Real Estate Fund II	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,352,095	\$0	\$3,352,095	2.4%
Alidade Fund IV	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,634,748	\$0	\$1,634,748	1.2%
Alidade Fund V	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$507,068	\$0	\$507,068	0.4%
Blackstone Tac. Opps	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$174,351	\$174,351	0.1%
KKR Next Gen. Tech. Growth Fund III	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$711,729	\$711,729	0.5%
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,656,950	\$2,656,950	1.9%
McMorgan Infrastructure	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,371,813	\$1,371,813	1.0%
Cash & Equivalents	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,100,396	\$0	\$0	\$9,100,396	6.4%
	Global Equity	Foreign Securities	Fixed Income	Cash	Real Estate	Basket Clause	Total Por	tfolio
Total	\$74,179,368	\$1,470,048	\$31,103,968	\$10,288,759	\$7,671,053	\$16,634,704	\$141,347,899	100%
% of Portfolio	52.5%	1.0%	22.0%	7.3%	5.4%	11.8%		
Max per PA 314?	70%	20%	100%	100%	10%	15%		
In Compliance?	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		

Sources: InvestmentMetrics Paris, Comerica Bank Statements & Investment Managers

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City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare

Important Disclosures

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Graystone Consulting

City of Southfield Retiree Healthcare July 31, 2024

Asset Class	Market Value	Portfolio Percentage	AA 2023 Policy Targets	Value at Policy Target	Rebalance	Value after Reallocation	% After Reallocation	% Over (Under)	\$ Value Over (Under)
U.S. Equities (10 - 70%)	\$57,075,699	39.7%	39%	\$56,128,650	\$0	\$57,075,699	39.7%	0.7%	\$947,049
Fidelity Total Market Index Fund	\$14,941,415	10.4%			\$0	\$14,941,415	10.4%		
Loomis Large Growth	\$4,151,857	2.9%			\$0	\$4,151,857	2.9%		
Fidelity Large Growth Index Fund	\$4,186,659	2.9%			\$0	\$4,186,659	2.9%		
DeRoy & Dev. All Cap Equity	\$11,992,082	8.3%			\$0	\$11,992,082	8.3%		
Hamlin Equity Income	\$11,894,087	8.3%			\$0	\$11,894,087	8.3%		
Ancora Sm/Mid	\$9,909,600	6.9%			\$0	\$9,909,600	6.9%		
International Equities (0 - 30%)	\$16,373,839	11.4%	12%	\$17,270,354	\$0	\$16,373,839	11.4%	-0.6%	(\$896,515)
Fidelity Global ex US Index Fund	\$16,373,839	11.4%			\$0	\$16,373,839	11.4%		
Fixed Income (10 - 75%)	\$28,124,941	19.5%	18%	\$25,905,531	\$0	\$28,124,941	19.5%	1.5%	\$2,219,410
Loomis Sayles Investment Grade Bond	\$22,826,354	15.9%			\$0	\$22,826,354	15.9%		
JPM Strategic Income	\$5,298,587	3.7%			\$0	\$5,298,587	3.7%		
Private Credit (0 - 10%)	\$7,819,554	5.4%	8.5%	\$12,233,167	\$0	\$7,819,554	5.4%	-3.1%	\$0
Oaktree Strategic Credit (\$5M)	\$5,479,898	3.8%			\$0	\$5,479,898	3.8%		
Carlyle Private Credit (\$2M)	\$2,339,657	1.6%			\$0	\$2,339,657	1.6%		
Private Equity (0 - 10%)	\$8,776,560	6.1%	7.5%	\$10,793,971	\$0	\$8,776,560	6.1%	-1.4%	\$0
EnTrust Special Opps. III Class C (\$2M)	\$1,007,111	0.7%			\$0	\$1,007,111	0.7%		
EnTrust Special Opps. III Class H (\$2.5M)	\$2,286,919	1.6%			\$0	\$2,286,919	1.6%		
Blackstone Tactical Opportunities Fund I (\$1.7M)	\$173,925	0.1%			\$0	\$173,925	0.1%		
Oaktree Special Situations Fund II (\$2M)	\$2,740,667	1.9%			\$0	\$2,740,667	1.9%		
KKR Next Gen. Technology Growth Fund II (\$4M)	\$712,388	0.5%			\$0	\$712,388	0.5%		
Goldman Sachs Vintage IX (\$7M)	\$1,855,550	1.3%			\$0	\$1,855,550	1.3%		
Real Estate (0 - 10%)	\$7,466,051	5.2%	7%	\$10,074,373	\$0	\$7,466,051	5.2%	-1.8%	\$0
Townsend Real Estate Alpha Fund II (\$2M)	\$477,100	0.3%			\$0	\$477,100	0.3%		
Townsend Real Estate Alpha Fund III (\$2M)	\$1,503,155	1.0%			\$0	\$1,503,155	1.0%		
Alidade Fund IV (\$2M)	\$1,599,311	1.1%			\$0	\$1,599,311	1.1%		
Alidade Fund V (\$2M)	\$623,684	0.4%			\$0	\$623,684	0.4%		
BGO/Metropolitan Secondaries Real Estate Fund (\$4.5M)	\$3,262,802	2.3%			\$0	\$3,262,802	2.3%		
Hedge Funds (0 - 10%)	\$7,281,897	5.1%	5%	\$7,195,981	\$0	\$7,281,897	5.1%	0.1%	\$85,916
Abbey ACL	\$2,495,535	1.7%			\$0	\$2,495,535	1.7%		
Graham Absolute Return	\$3,073,384	2.1%			\$0	\$3,073,384	2.1%		
Corbin Capital Hedge Fund (liquidation in progress)	\$1,702,764	1.2%			\$0	\$1,702,764	1.2%		
EnTrust Capital Diversified (Class X - Gramercy)	\$10,214	0.0%			\$0	\$10,214	0.0%		
Real Assets / Infrastructure (0 - 10%)	\$1,371,812	1.0%	2%	\$2,878,392	\$0	\$1,371,812	1.0%	-1.0%	\$0
McMorgan Infrastructure (\$1.7M)	\$1,371,812	1.0%			\$0	\$1,371,812	1.0%		
Cash (0 - 10%)	\$9,629,261	6.7%	1%	\$1,439,196	\$0	\$9,629,261	6.7%	5.7%	\$8,190,065
Combined Accounts	\$143,919,615	100%	100%	\$143,919,615	\$0	\$143,919,615	100%		

Cash Needs are \$1,750,000/month from 1/1/23 - 6/30/2024 (as of 12/13/22) | Asset Allocation Targets adopted 11/14/23

*Abbey as of 8/30/24 | Alidade, Blackstone, Corbin, EnTrust, KKR, BGO/Metropolitan, Oaktree SS as of 6/30/24 | Carlyle, Oaktree, Graham as of 7/31/24 | EnTrust Gramercy as of 5/31/24 | Goldman Sachs, Townsend as of 3/31/24

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